C.D. 1

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO WATER POLLUTION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

| 1 | SECTION 1. The legislature finds that two chemicals |
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| 2 | contained in many sunscreens, oxybenzone and octinoxate, have |
| 3 | significant harmful impacts on Hawaii's marine environment and |
| 4 | residing ecosystems, including coral reefs that protect Hawaii's |
| 5 | shoreline. Oxybenzone and octinoxate cause mortality in |
| 6 | developing coral; increase coral bleaching that indicates |
| 7 | extreme stress, even at temperatures below 87.8 degrees |
| 8 | Fahrenheit; and cause genetic damage to coral and other marine |
| 9 | organisms. These chemicals have also been shown to degrade |
| 10 | corals' resiliency and ability to adjust to climate change |
| 11 | factors and inhibit recruitment of new corals. Furthermore, |
| 12 | oxybenzone and octinoxate appear to increase the probability of |
| 13 | endocrine disruption. Scientific studies show that both |
| 14 | chemicals can induce feminization in adult male fish and |
| 15 | increase reproductive diseases in marine invertebrate species |
| 16 | (e.g., sea urchins), vertebrate species (e.g., fish such as |
| 17 | wrasses, eels, and parrotfish), and mammals (in species similar |
| 18 | to the Hawaiian monk seal). The chemicals also induce |

- 1 deformities in the embryonic development of fish, sea urchins,
- 2 coral, and shrimp and induce neurological behavioral changes in
- 3 fish that threaten the continuity of fish populations. In
- 4 addition, species that are listed on the federal Endangered
- 5 Species Act and inhabit Hawaii's waters, including sea turtle
- 6 species, marine mammals, and migratory birds, may be exposed to
- 7 oxybenzone and octinoxate contamination.
- 8 The legislature further finds that environmental
- 9 contamination of oxybenzone and octinoxate persists in Hawaii's
- 10 coastal waters, as the contamination is constantly refreshed and
- 11 renewed every day by swimmers and beachgoers. Swimming and
- 12 other water activities cause these chemicals to pollute Hawaii's
- 13 water unless they are actively mitigated. Sewage contamination
- 14 of coastal waters is another source of oxybenzone and octinoxate
- 15 environmental contamination, as these chemicals are not removed
- 16 by the State's wastewater treatment system. Oxybenzone and
- 17 octinoxate are also discharged to the ground and surface waters
- 18 from cesspools, leaking septic systems, and municipal wastewater
- 19 collection and treatment systems. The legislature additionally
- 20 finds that elevated levels of oxybenzone and octinoxate have
- 21 been detected at popular swimming beaches and critical coral

S.B. NO. 2571 S.D. 2 H.D. 2

- 1 reef areas throughout the State, including Waimea bay, Hanauma
- 2 bay, and Waikiki beach on Oahu, and Honolua bay and 'Ahihi-Kīna'u
- 3 natural area reserve on Maui.
- 4 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to preserve marine
- 5 ecosystems, including coral reefs, by, beginning January 1,
- 6 2021, prohibiting the sale, offer for sale, and distribution in
- 7 Hawaii of sunscreen containing oxybenzone and octinoxate without
- 8 a prescription from a licensed healthcare provider.
- 9 SECTION 2. Chapter 342D, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 10 amended by adding a new section to part I to be appropriately
- 11 designated and to read as follows:
- 12 "§342D- Sale and distribution of sunscreen containing
- 13 oxybenzone or octinoxate, or both; prohibition. (a) Beginning
- 14 January 1, 2021, it shall be unlawful to sell, offer for sale,
- 15 or distribute for sale in the State any sunscreen that contains
- 16 oxybenzone or octinoxate, or both, without a prescription issued
- 17 by a licensed healthcare provider.
- 18 (b) No county shall enact any ordinance or regulatory
- 19 restriction to prohibit the sale, use, labeling, packaging,
- 20 handling, distribution, or advertisement of sunscreens

1 containing oxybenzone or octinoxate, or both, prior to 2 January 1, 2021. (c) For purposes of this section: 3 4 "Licensed healthcare provider" means a physician or 5 osteopathic physician licensed pursuant to chapter 453, or an 6 advanced practice registered nurse licensed pursuant to chapter 7 457. "Octinoxate" refers to the chemical (RS)-2-Ethylhexyl (2E)-8 9 3-(4-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-enoate under the International Union 10 of Pure and Applied Chemistry chemical nomenclature registry; 11 that has a chemical abstract service registry number 5466-77-3; 12 the synonyms of which include but are not limited to ethylhexyl 13 methoxycinnamate, octyl methoxycinnamate, Eusolex 2292, Neo 14 Heliopan AV, NSC 26466, Parsol MOX, Parsol MCX, and Uvinul MC80; 15 and is intended to be used as protection against ultraviolet 16 light radiation with a spectrum wavelength from 370 nanometers 17 to 220 nanometers in a sunscreen. 18 "Oxybenzone" refers to the chemical (2-Hydroxy-4-19 methoxyphenyl)-phenylmethanone under the International Union of 20 Pure and Applied Chemistry chemical nomenclature registry; that

has a chemical abstract service registry number 131-57-7; the

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- 1 synonyms of which include but are not limited to benzophenone-3,
- 2 Escalol 567, Eusolex 4360, KAHSCREEN BZ-3, Uvasorb MET/C,
- 3 Syntase 62, UV 9, Uvinul 9, Uvinul M-40, Uvistat 24, USAF Cy-9,
- 4 Uniphenone-3U, 4-methoxy-2-hydroxybenzophenone and Milestab 9;
- 5 and is intended to be used as protection against ultraviolet
- 6 light radiation with a spectrum wavelength from 370 nanometers
- 7 to 220 nanometers in a sunscreen.
- 8 "Prescription" means an order for medication, that is
- 9 dispensed to or for an ultimate user. "Prescription" shall not
- 10 include an order for medication that is dispensed for immediate
- 11 administration to the ultimate user, such as a chart order to
- 12 dispense a drug to a bed patient for immediate administration in
- 13 a hospital. "Prescription" includes an order for a sunscreen.
- 14 "Sunscreen" means a product marketed or intended for
- 15 topical use to prevent sunburn. Sunscreen does not include
- 16 products marketed or intended for use as a cosmetic, as defined
- 17 in section 328-1, for the face."
- 18 SECTION 3. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
- 19 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
- 20 begun before its effective date.
- 21 SECTION 4. New statutory material is underscored.

S.B. NO. 2571 S.D. 2 H.D. 2

1 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2018.

S.B. NO. S.D. 2 H.D. 2 C.D. 1

Report Title:

Environment; Water Pollution; Sunscreen; Oxybenzone; Octinoxate; Sale; Distribution; Prohibition

Description:

Beginning January 1, 2021, bans the sale, offer of sale, or distribution in the State of any sunscreen that contains oxybenzone or octinoxate, or both, without a prescription issued by a licensed healthcare provider to preserve marine ecosystems. (CD1)

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